## BALABHADRA SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACADEMY SCIENCE QUESTION BANK - 5

Time:	1 Hour	Full marks: 50		Pass marks: 4	Ю	
1. the bo		ates in the body dis	tributes ·	and to different cells	s of	
2.	,	eta producte from di	fferent narts	of the body for		
3.		m consists of the	-	-		
4.				$\_\cdot$ and the heart acts as a $\_$		
organ		a nows unough	and	and the heart acts as a _		
5.			and			
6.		to the presence of a				
7.		•		inute in an adult person	and	
	called	t beats about	times per in	indee in an addit person	ana	
8.		from the heart to a	II narts of the	e hody		
9.		and the second s	Table 1	VARIAL AND		
10.	carry blood from all parts of the body back to the heart.  Removal of waste products from the body is called					
11.				71		
12.	Excretory system of humans consists of,, and  and are removed along with water as sweat.					
13.	The state of the s	eri, in italia.		which directly dissolve	e in	
water.						
14.	Birds, insects an	d lizard excrete uric	acid in	form.		
15.	•	trients are absorbed	STATE AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN			
16.	the first of the second	and the first relative from the		e entire plant via an	d is	
called						
17.	The vascular tiss	ue for the transport	of food to th	e various parts of the plar	nt is	
18.	A lot of water is	lost by plants in the	e form of va	oour through stomata du	ring	
19.	generates	a force which pulls	up water abs	sorbed by the roots from	the	
	reach the stem		,	,		
20.		The state of the s	on in plants a	re , ,	_ &	
21.	In plants there a	re two modes of rep	oroduction, _	and		
22.	reproduction	on involves the fusio	n of male and	d female gametes.		
23.	In propag	ation new plants are	e produced fr	om different vegetative p	arts	
such a	is leaves, stems a	ind roots.				
24.	Flower is the	part of a plant.				
25.	A flower may be	with either the	e male or the	female reproductive part	s.	
26.				reproductive parts.		
27.	_	es are found inside	the gra	ains and female gametes	are	
	in the $\_\_$ .					
			-	rom the anther of one flo	wer	
to the	stigma of the sai	me or another flowe	r.			



28(a)	In Pollination, pollen grains from of the flower is transfer to of				
same o	or another flower.				
29.	Pollination is of two types, and				
30.	In, pollen grains are transferred from the anther to the stigma of the				
same flower.					
31.	In, pollen grains are transferred from the anther of one flower to the				
stigma of another flower of the same kind.					
32.	Pollination takes place in plants with the help of , and				
33.	The fusion of male and female gametes is called				
34.	Egg is called				
	Zygote develops into an				
	Fruit is the mature whereas ovule develops into a				
	contains the developing embryo.				
	Seed dispersal is aided by , and				
38.	Seed dispersal helps the plants to,, and				
	The distance moved by an object in a unit time is called its				
40.	of objects help us to decide which one is moving faster than the other.				
	The basic unit of speed is				
	Periodic events are used for the measurement of				
	of a Pendulum has been used to make clocks and watches.				
	Motion of objects can be presented in pictorial form by				
	The distance time graph for the motion of an object moving with a constant				
•	is a				
	An electric circuit can be represented by a				
	When an electric current flows through a wire, the wire gets and it is				
called <sub>-</sub>					
	When large electric currents are passed through fuse, it				
	When an electric current flows through a wire, it behaves like a				
	A current carrying coil of an insulated wire wrapped around a piece of iron is				
called a	an				

## BALABHADRA SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACADEMY SCIENCE QUESTION BANK – 5 (ANSWER)

- 1. food, oxygen
- 2. excretion
- 3. blood vessels
- 4. arteries, veins, pumping
- 5. plasma, RBC, WBC, platelets
- red pigment, haemoglobin
- 7. 70–80, heart rate
- 8. Arteries
- 9. Veins
- 10. excretion
- 11. two kidneys, two ureters, a urinary bladder, urethra
- 12. Salts, urea
- 13. ammonia
- 14. semi-solid
- 15. Water, mineral
- 16. vascular tissue, xylem
- 17. phloem
- 18. transpiration
- 19. Transpiration
- 20. fragmentation, budding, spore formation, vegetative propagation
- 21. asexual, sexual
- 22. Sexual
- 23. vegetative
- 24. reproductive
- 25. unisexual
- 26. bisexual
- 27. pollen, ovule
- 28. Pollination
- 28(a) anther, stigma
- 29. self-pollination, cross-pollination
- 30. self-pollination
- 31. cross-pollination
- 32. wind, water, insects
- 33. fertilisation
- 34. zygote
- 35. embryo
- 36. ovary, seed
- 36(a) seed
- 37. wind, water, animals
- 38. prevent overcrowding, avoid competition for sunlight, minerals, invade new habitats
- 39. speed
- 40. Speed
- 41. metre per second (m/s)

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- 42. time
- 43. Periodic motion
- 44. distance time graph
- 45. straight line
- 46. circuit diagram
- 47. heated, heating effect of current
- 48. melts
- 49. magnet
- 50. electromagnet

