BALABHADRA SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACADEMY GK QUESTION BANK - 6 IMPORTANT FACTS

Time: 1 Hour		Full marks: 36	Pass marks: 29	
Earth	ı's Atr	<u>nosphere</u>		
1.		e different layers of atmosphere.		
2.	(a)	•		
	(b)			
		Mesosphere extends from to		
	(d)	Ionosphere extends from to _	·	
	(e)	Exosphere extends from		
3.		oosphere contains		
4.	(a) Ozone layer is part of of the earth's atmosphere?			
	(b)		•	
	(c)	Radio waves are reflected from _	of the earth	s atmosphere.
5.		Upper part of Exosphere is called		
	(b)	Major constituents of earth's atm	osphere are,	, &
	(c)		ige of Nitrogen is	, Oxygen is,
		on is, Carbon Dioxide		
	Wind			
6.		Hot and dry wind in Rockies is ca	lled	
		Chinook is also called as		
7.	Hot and dry wind in the Alps is called			
8.	Hot and dry wind in Egypt is called			
9.	(a)	Hot, moist wind from Sahara to M	1editerranean Sea i	s called
		Sirocco is also known as		
10.	Hot	and moist wind from Sahara toward	ds Liberian peninsu	la is called
11.	(a)	Hot and dry wind blowing outwar	ds from the interior	of Western Africa
is call	ed	<u> </u>		
(b)	Harmattan is also known as			
12.	Cold and dry wind blowing outwards from Hungary to North Italy (near			
Adriat	ic Sea) is called		. ,
13.	Very	cold wind, which blows from the A	alps over France is o	alled .
14.		and dry wind blowing down towar		
		,		
15.	Very	cold winds in Tundra region is call	ed .	
16.	Cold wind in Russian Tundra is called			
17.	Cold wind in Spain is called			
18.	Hot wind in New Zealand is called .			
19.		wind in South California in USA is c	- alled	
			1	
Write	dow	n place of origin of following ri	ver.	
20	Nile		•	

21. Amazon

- 22. Yangtze
- 23. Mississippi Missouri
- 24. Yenisei
- 25. Huang Ho
- 26. Ob
- 27. Congo
- 28. Amur
- 29. Lena
- 30. Mekong
- 31. Niger

Write down name of Cyclones in following area.

- 32. China Sea
- 33. Indian Ocean
- 34. Caribbean Sea
- 35. USA
- 36. Northern Australia

BALABHADRA SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACADEMY GK QUESTION BANK – 6 (ANSWER) IMPORTANT FACTS

Earth's Atmosphere

- Troposphere, Stratosphere, Mesosphere, Ionosphere, Exosphere
- 2. (a) 0-18 km
 - (b) 18-50 km
 - (c) 50-80 km
 - (d) 80-600 km
 - (e) Above 600 km
- 3. 75 % of gases
- 4. (a) Stratosphere
 - (b) Mesosphere
 - (c) Ionosphere
- 5. (a) Magnetosphere
 - (b) Nitrogen, Oxygen, Argon and Carbon Dioxide
 - (c) 78%, 21%, 0.93%, **0.03**%
- 6. (a) Chinook
 - (b) Snow Eater
- 7. Fohn
- 8. Khamsin
- 9. (a) Sirocco
 - (b) Blood Rain
- 10. Solano
- 11. (a) Harmattan
 - (b) Guinea Doctor
- 12. Bora
- 13. Mistal
- 14. Punas
- 15. Blizzard
- 16. Purga
- 17. Levanter
- Norwester
- 19. Santa Ana

Place of origin of rivers

- 20. Victoria lake
- 21. Andes (Peru)
- 22. Tibetan Kiang Plateau
- 23. Itaska Lake (USA)
- 24. Tannu-Ola Mountains
- 25. Kunlun Mountains
- 26. Altia Mountains, Russia
- 27. Lualaba and Luapula rivers
- 28. North East China

- 29. Baikal Mountains
- 30. Tibetan Highlands
- 31. Guinea

Major Cyclones of the World

- 32. Typhoons
- 33. Tropical cyclones
- 34. Hurricanes
- 35. Tornadoes
- 36. Willy Willies