BALABHADRA SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACADEMY HISTORY QUESTION BANK – 4 HISTORY OF INDIA (MAURYA & GUPTA PERIOD)

Time: 1 Hour Full marks: 53 Pass marks: 42 The largest number of Copper coins in Northern and North-Western India 1. were issued by 2. Buddha is depicted on the coins of _____. 3. God is found depicted on Yaudheya coins. 4. is the date of Sarnath Buddhist image inscription of Kanishka. Saka Samvat was initiated in ______, 5. The difference between the Saka Samvat and Vikram Samvat is ... 6. Vikram Samvat was started in _____. 7. _____ dynasty ruled over India after Shunga dynasty. 8, 9. dynasty was most powerful after Maurya in Southern India. 10. The institution of child marriage started in _____ period. 11. The art style which combines Indian and Greek feature is called _____. The capital of the Satavahanas was located at _____. 12. 13. Kalinga's King Kharvel was associated with _____. Gold coins issued by Guptas are called _____. 14. 15. is known as the Napoleon of India. Gupta dynasty ruled during _____. 16. The first Gupta ruler to assume the title of 'Param Bhagavata' was _____. 17. 18. Prayag Prashashti tells about the military campaign of _____. 19. 'Prithivyah Pratham Veer' was the title of _____. _____ is known as 'Saka-conqueror'. 20. was the first Gupta ruler to issue silver coins. 21. 22, Kalidas was in the ruling period of _____. 23. The silver coins issued by the Guptas were called _____. 24. established Gupta Samvat. 25. During _____ age women enjoyed equality with men. 26. is the valid tax according to Hindu law. 27. type of land was called 'Aprahat'. 28. The game of 'Chess' is said to have originated in ... 29. ____ contributed to Sankhya Darshan. 30. The system of Philosophy propounded by Kapila Muni is...... 31. 'Sankhya' Philosophy is propounded by _____. 32. propagated 'Yoga Darshan'. 33. The writer of Mahabhashya 'Patanjali' was contemporary of ... 34. Author of 'Nyaya Philosophy' was _____. 35. Mimansa was initiated by _____. 36. The theory of Karma is related with _____. The founder of Advait Philosophy is _____. 37. The founder of nyaya philosophy is _____. 38. 39. The Capital of Maukharri was _____. 40. Information regarding time of Harsha is contained in the books of _____. 41. 'Harshacharita' has been written by _____.



42.	The capital of Harsha's empire was
43.	Emperor Harsha had shifted his capital from Thaneshwar to
44.	Harshavardhan organised two great religious conventions in and
45.	Emperor Harsha's Southward march was stopped on the Narmada river by
46.	Chinese traveller visited India during Harshavardhana's rules.
47.	The term 'Kausheya' has been used for
48.	Chinese traveller Hiuen-Tsang studied at the University of
49.	Nalanda University was destroyed by
50.	Nalanda is located in
51.	During Post Gupta Period, main business centre was
52.	Adi Shankar who later became Shankaracharya was born in
5 3.	The four monasteries established by Adi 'Shankaracharya' are situated at
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BALABHADRA SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACADEMY HISTORY QUESTION BANK – 4 (ANSWER) HISTORY OF INDIA (MAURYA & GUPTA PERIOD)

- 1. Kushans
- 2. Kanishka
- Kartikeya
- 4. 81 A.D.
- 78 A.D.
- 6. 135 Years
- 7. 57 B.C.
- Kanva
- Satvahana
- Kushan Period
- 11. Gandhara
- 12. Amaravati
- 13. Mahameghvahana Dynasty
- 14. Dinara
- 15. Samudragupta
- 16. 319-500 A.D.
- 17. Chandragupta-II
- 18. Samudragupta
- 19. Samudragupta
- 20. Chandragupta-II
- Chandragupta-II
- 22. Chandragupta-II
- 23. Rupaka
- 24. Chandragupta-I
- 25. Vedic age
- 26. One-sixth of the yields
- 27. forest land without cultivation
- 28. India
- 29. Kapila
- 30. Sankhya Philosophy
- 31. Kapila
- 32. Patanjali
- 33. Pushyamitra Shunga
- 34. Gautama
- 35. Jaimini
- 36. Mimansa
- 37. Sankaracharya
- 38. Gautam
- 39. Kannauj
- 40. Kalhan
- 41. Banabhatta
- 42. Kannauj
- 43. Kannauj
- 44. Kannauj and Prayag
- 45. Pulakeshin-II
- 46. Hiuen-Tsang

Al

- 47. Silk
- 48. Nalanda
- 49. Bakhtiyar Khilji
- 50. Bihar
- 51. Kannauj
- 52. Kerala
- 53. Josimath, Dwarka, Puri, Sringeri